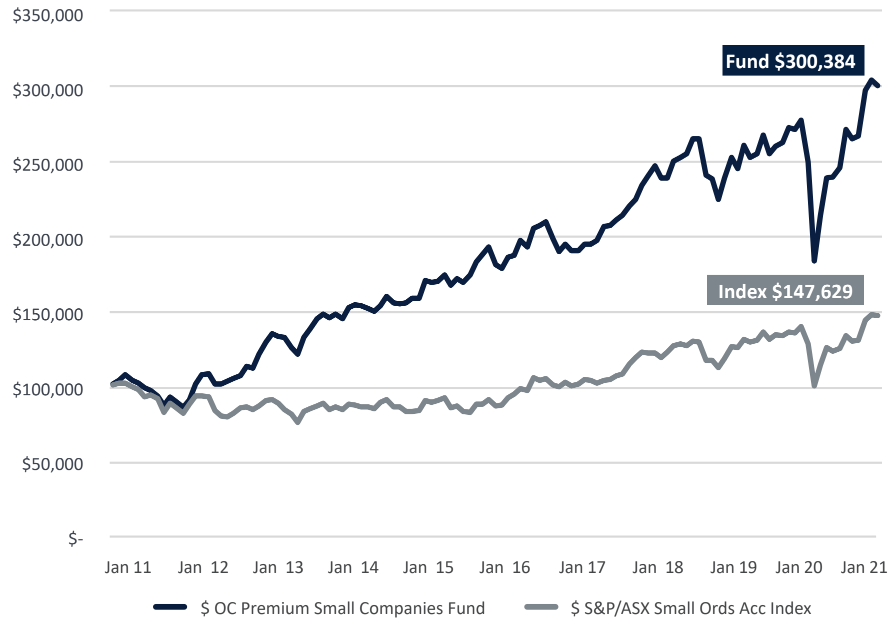
-1.2% Fund down -1.2% for the month

11.7% Returned 11.7% p.a. for the past 10 years

We remain confident the Fund will continue to deliver attractive long-term returns

Performance comparison of $100,000 over 10 years*



Total returns

At 31 January 2021†	1 mth %	3 mths %	1 yr %	3 yrs % p.a.	5 yrs % p.a.	7 yrs % p.a.	10 yrs % p.a.	Incep % . p.a. (Dec 2000)
OC Premium	-1.2	12.8	8.3	7.8	10.8	11.1	11.7	11.2
S&P/ASX Small Ords Accum	-0.3	13.0	5.4	6.7	11.6	8.6	4.0	6.3
Outperformance	**-1.0**	**-0.3**	**2.9**	**1.1**	**-0.8**	**2.4**	**7.7**	**4.9**
S&P/ASX Small Ind Accum	0.2	11.7	1.9	7.5	9.9	9.2	8.6	6.7
Outperformance	**-1.4**	**1.1**	**6.3**	**0.4**	**0.9**	**1.9**	**3.1**	**4.5**

The total return performance figures quoted are historical, calculated using end-of-month hard-close mid-prices and do not allow for the effects of income tax or inflation.

Performance review

Equity markets continued their strong momentum into the start of the new calendar year with most markets advancing in the early part of the month on the expectation of the vaccine roll-out and the promise of further fiscal and monetary stimulus, particularly in the US. However, early gains reversed as unprecedented retail-led speculative activity in a handful of heavily shorted US companies unnerved investors, stoking fears of asset bubbles which perpetuated a brief sell-off across most equity markets.

The domestic small cap market gave up early gains to close January near flat, with the S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index -0.3% and the S&P/ASX Small Industrials Accumulation Index +0.2%. The OC Premium Small Companies Fund also gave up early gains to finish the month down 1.2%.

Autosports Group Limited (ASG, +22.8%) was a strong performer during January and, like **Eagers Automotive Group (APE, +0.2%)**, continues to recover from COVID-19 lows when new car sales fell steeply. Management provided a half yearly earnings update which was well ahead of market expectations which highlighted strong operating leverage across the group brought about by solid gross margins in new and used car sales and tight cost control. Like APE which also upgraded earnings guidance during the month, ASG has benefitted from supply constraints caused by COVID-19 induced production bottlenecks for automakers allowing dealers to better manage inventory and reducing competitive discounting pressures. Australian new vehicles sales were up 11.1% in January (VFACTs industry data), the third consecutive month of growth after a run of 31 months of consecutive monthly declines from March 2018 to October 2020. The prestige category, where ASG remains heavily exposed, outperformed in a further positive sign for the group. Whilst margins on new car sales will likely moderate into the new year as supply levels normalise, the outlook for new car volumes remain strong driven by record low interest rates and a resurgent housing market which tends to correlate strongly with new vehicle sales.

January was also another strong month for **Sezzle Inc (SZL, +30.6%)** with investors globally embracing the buy-now-pay-later (BNPL) sector on the back of the stellar US listing of competitor Affirm. The +98% day one rise in the Affirm share price made the other listed BNPL providers look cheap in comparison, despite the strong share price run many of these peers had already experienced in 2020. Beyond the relative valuation argument, however, SZL's core US business continues to grow strongly with the December quarter showing growth in underlying merchant sales of +205%. We expect that the US growth rate will continue to be strong, potentially outpacing larger rival Afterpay over 2021 as the adoption of retail credit provision increases in the US (as has done in Australia). In addition, SZL have launched pilots for potential operations in India and Germany, both of which have the potential to become significant markets in their own right. We continue to own our stake in the business and look forward to catching up with management for their result roadshow in February.

Life360 Inc (360, +1.8%) delivered a quarterly result in late January that was largely in line with investor expectations but one which was overshadowed by the appointment of Ms Randi Zuckerberg to the 360 board of directors. The sister of Facebook founder, Mark Zuckerberg, Ms Zuckerberg is known for her work growing Facebook in its early days from an intimate community to the global social network it is today, and for creating Facebook Live. In a solid endorsement of the 360 strategy and its world leading family connectivity product, the appointment of Ms Zuckerberg will see her help steward the 360 business through its next phase of growth. OC has been invested in 360 since its ASX listing in mid-2019 and whilst our investment experience to date has been somewhat disappointing, with the stock trading below its IPO issue price, the January business update and headline board appointment give us confidence that 360 is on the right track for success. We believe 360 is well positioned to capitalise on its market leading position in North America and, with an expanded product offering and new geographies to move into, we see excellent growth and cash flow generation potential for the 360 business as it matures.

Fintech holding **Tyro Payments (TYR, -21.0%)**, which provides payment and business banking solutions including EFTPOS terminals to merchants in Australia, endured a torrid month due to a connectivity issue impacting around 15% of its terminals. The outage, which disabled card transactions for many of its small business customers, was brought about by a software glitch and lasted for most of January, unfortunately coinciding with busy summer trading period for many of these TYR customers. TYR management pointed the finger at Worldline, the company's terminal provider, but TYR itself quickly came under siege from furious customers unable to process transactions in an environment where the cash alternative is widely shunned by customers due to COVID-19 health concerns. TYR also came under attack from short-seller Viceroy Research who claimed that TYR had under-reported the extent of outages and there was also talk of class actions and compensation claims from impacted customers. Whilst the outage has now been addressed, TYR faces a battle to win back customer trust and could face material churn, as well as a slowing of new customer wins going forward due to reputational damage. The Fund exited its position in the stock as soon as the extent of the customer outages became clear.

Panel repair aggregator **AMA Group (AMA, -19.4%)** fell sharply late in the month following the release of a somewhat cryptic announcement by the board in relation to its CEO and Executive Director, Mr Andrew Hopkins. According to the release, Mr Hopkins made an urgent application to the Federal Court of Australia alleging that he was being oppressed as a minority shareholder. A hearing had been scheduled and the company was defending the legal proceedings. In September 2020, the Board had received a protected disclosure from an individual employed by the company and had recently completed an independent investigation in relation to this matter.

The company has been plagued by governance issues in recent years, including issues with former CEO Ray Malone and a related party transaction involving a current non-executive director Simon Moore, so the share price reaction was not surprising in some respects. However, the issues were non-material from a financial perspective and the company reiterated that the business was rebounding strongly from the COVID-19 related slowdown. The Fund increased its holding as the share price fall looked overdone and the stock has subsequently recovered +10% in February on news that Mr Hopkins had resigned from his executive role and his directorship. His replacement is Carl Bizon, a non-executive director with strong manufacturing and leadership experience, whose prior experience includes roles as Managing Director at Horizon Global, Jayco Corporation (Australia) and Swan Plumbing Supplies. We have been in regular touch with the AMA Chairman Anthony Day and have scheduled a meeting with the incoming CEO in the coming weeks.

Outlook

Markets have resumed their upward trajectory having briefly been unnerved toward the end of January by the speculative frenzy in the shares of video game retailer GameStop and a few other heavily short sold stocks in the US, which was incited by retail investors collaborating on social media platform Reddit. Whilst these stocks are now plummeting back to earth, it is a timely reminder that we are in a time of heightened risk with ultra-easy monetary policy, massive central bank-led bond purchases and fiscal stimulus geared towards supporting the economic recovery likely to lead to ongoing asset price volatility. It is a time when investors ought to remain vigilant given that policy conditions have never been more accommodative, albeit concerns about equity or property market bubbles were recently brushed aside by Reserve Bank Governor Philip Lowe.

Whilst US GDP growth expanded at an estimated 4% annual rate in the fourth quarter (according to the Bureau of Economic Analysis), employment and retail sales both fell in December. The market, however, continued to brush aside negative data and continued to focus on the positive news out of the US government and the US Federal Reserve who reiterated their commitment to the COVID-19 recovery effort. The House of Representatives has recently approved President Biden's $US1.9 trillion stimulus plan, advancing it despite unanimous Republican opposition as Democrats pressed to speed it through the House by the end of the month. Late in the month the US Federal Reserve reiterated its ongoing commitment to zero rates saying it would keep buying at least $US120 billion of bonds a month and would maintain this approach until its goals of lower unemployment and 3% inflation are achieved.

In Australia, the RBA maintained the cash rate at 0.1 per cent, extended its bond buying program by another $100b and anchored its overnight cash rate to this record low level until at least 2024. The ongoing quantitative easing by the RBA is a necessary response to aggressive central bank measures overseas to keep yields low so that our currency remains in check and exports remain competitive as it pursues its goal of full employment and economic recovery. During the month RBA Governor Dr Philip Lowe conceded that the economic recovery had surprised on the upside and GDP was now expected to return to its pre-pandemic levels by the middle of the year. But the RBA seems determined to achieve its longer-term policy objectives and has played down concerns about asset price bubbles and emerging inflationary forces as it steers a course of full economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic.

It is little surprise, given the prevailing macro-economic backdrop, that cyclical stocks are enjoying a resurgence in markets. More specifically, the so called 'reflation trade' has been growing in prominence with stocks exposed to the prospect of a return to sustained economic growth, price pressure and higher yields particularly strong in recent weeks. Arguably the policy settings of central banks and governments bode well for small-cap stocks and cyclical sectors such as financials, building materials and commodity producers which ought to perform well if these reflationary forces gather momentum. We have added several of stocks to the portfolio in recent months that will benefit from the emergence of reflation including Liberty Financial Group and Virgin Money UK Limited and we will look to add further exposure to the portfolio over the course of the February reporting season.

Summer holidays are now a distant memory and the IPO pipeline is once again burgeoning with the investment team meeting one-on-one with Grays Online, Aurora Healthcare, Airtasker, Newmark Property Group and My Food Bag to mention just a few prospective float candidates in recent weeks. As with the August reporting season, many of our Fund holdings have either pre-reported results or provided a decent level of transparency to the markets in the lead up to first half results. What remains unclear is how companies will guide the market going forward, especially given that much of the direct government stimulus to businesses and consumers has either ended or been wound back, although monetary and fiscal policy overall remains supportive of an ongoing economic recovery.

The OC investment team has a full schedule for the upcoming month, with the bulk of our meetings taking place digitally due to the ongoing health concerns about face-to-face meetings and interstate travel. The COVID-19 vaccine rollout globally is gathering momentum and is due to kick-off in Australia this month. Unfortunately, we are not out of the woods yet from a health perspective with mutant COVID-19 strains emerging, which could potentially be resistant to existing vaccines, and new clusters of infection appearing periodically. It is a constant reminder that ongoing vigilance is required from everyone and that the road to normalcy for us all is still a way off.

Top 5 holdings#

Company	ASX code
Eagers Automotive	APE
Bapcor Limited	BAP
Mineral Resources Limited	MIN
Redbubble Limited	RBL
Steadfast Group Ltd	SDF

The top 5 portfolio holdings are in alphabetical order and may not be representative of current or future investments.

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[†]The total return performance figures quoted are historical, calculated using cum-distribution end-of-month hard-close mid-prices and do not allow for the effects of income tax or inflation. Total returns assume the reinvestment of all distributions. The performance is quoted net of all fees and expenses. The index does not incur these costs. This information is provided for general comparative purposes.
[*]The performance comparison of $100,000 over 10 years is for illustrative purposes only. All returns shown are based on Australian dollar figures. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. The total returns shown are prepared on an ongoing basis (i.e. they include all ongoing fees and expenses and assume reinvestment of all distributions). They do not take personal taxation into account. The comparison with the S&P/ASX Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index is for comparative purposes only. Index returns do not allow for transactional, management, operational or tax costs. An index is not managed and investors cannot invest directly in an index.